

Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Arizona, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total
Total:	26,080	26,080
Gender:		
Male	16,860	16,860
Female	9,130	9,130
Age:		
Under 14	--	--
14 to 15	--	--
16 to 19	530	530
20 to 24	3,350	3,350
25 to 34	6,690	6,690
35 to 44	6,100	6,100
45 to 54	5,770	5,770
55 to 64	2,180	2,180
65 and over	1,430	1,430
Occupation:		
Management, business, financial	860	860
Professional and related	1,990	1,990
Service	7,650	7,650
Sales and related	1,360	1,360
Office and administrative support	2,100	2,100
Farming, fishing, and forestry	360	360
Construction and extraction	4,490	4,490
Installation, maintenance, and repair	2,120	2,120
Production	1,720	1,720
Transportation and material moving	3,390	3,390
Military specific	--	--
Length of service with employer:		
Less than 3 months	4,130	4,130
3 months to 11 months	7,120	7,120
1 year to 5 years	8,940	8,940
More than 5 years	5,760	5,760
Race or ethnic origin:		
White	7,840	7,840
Black or African American	440	440
Hispanic or Latino	8,390	8,390
Asian	1,020	1,020
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	40	40
American Indian or Alaska Native	590	590
Hispanic and other	40	40
Multi-race	--	--
Not reported	7,710	7,710

See footnotes at end of table.

Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Arizona, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total
Number of days away from work:		
Cases involving 1 day	5,810	5,810
Cases involving 2 days	3,720	3,720
Cases involving 3-5 days	5,210	5,210
Cases involving 6-10 days	2,660	2,660
Cases involving 11-20 days	2,600	2,600
Cases involving 21-30 days	1,450	1,450
Cases involving 31 or more days	4,640	4,640
Median days away from work ⁵	5	5
Nature of injury or illness:		
Sprains, strains	8,980	8,980
Fractures	1,810	1,810
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	3,650	3,650
Cuts, lacerations	3,440	3,440
Punctures	210	210
Bruises, contusions	2,290	2,290
Heat burns	230	230
Chemical burns	630	630
Amputations	100	100
Carpal tunnel syndrome	110	110
Tendonitis	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	1,340	1,340
With fractures	740	740
With sprains	180	180
Soreness, Pain	2,300	2,300
Back pain	700	700
All other	4,620	4,620
Part of body affected:		
Head	2,350	2,350
Eye	1,220	1,220
Neck	220	220
Trunk	9,140	9,140
Back	5,370	5,370
Shoulder	820	820
Upper extremities	5,590	5,590
Arm	1,030	1,030
Finger	2,460	2,460
Hand, except finger	1,000	1,000
Wrist	830	830
Lower extremities	5,400	5,400
Knee	1,390	1,390
Ankle	1,530	1,530
Foot, toe	1,740	1,740
Body systems	340	340
Multiple	2,970	2,970
All other	60	60

See footnotes at end of table.

Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Arizona, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total
Source of injury or illness:		
Chemicals, chemical products	770	770
Containers	2,390	2,390
Furniture, fixtures	1,210	1,210
Machinery	1,510	1,510
Parts and materials	2,510	2,510
Person, injured or ill worker	2,130	2,130
Worker motion or position	2,030	2,030
Floor, ground surfaces	7,290	7,290
Handtools	1,100	1,100
Vehicles	1,930	1,930
Person, other than injured or ill worker	730	730
Health care patient	580	580
All other	4,510	4,510
Event or exposure:		
Contact with object, equipment	7,520	7,520
Struck by object	4,870	4,870
Struck against object	930	930
Caught in object, equipment, material	1,190	1,190
Fall to lower level	2,200	2,200
Fall on same level	5,270	5,270
Slips, trips	340	340
Overexertion	5,110	5,110
Overexertion in lifting	2,930	2,930
Repetitive motion	560	560
Exposed to harmful substance	1,780	1,780
Transportation accidents	1,220	1,220
Highway accident	960	960
Fires, explosions	50	50
Assault, violent act	590	590
by person	180	180
by other	410	410
by animal	410	410
All other	1,450	1,450

See footnotes at end of table.

Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker and case characteristics and industry, Arizona, private industry, 2007

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total
Day of Week:		
Sunday	2,170	2,170
Monday	4,760	4,760
Tuesday	5,010	5,010
Wednesday	4,210	4,210
Thursday	4,480	4,480
Friday	4,010	4,010
Saturday	1,440	1,440
Time of Day:		
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	410	410
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	3,310	3,310
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	9,260	9,260
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	5,800	5,800
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	2,550	2,550
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,280	1,280
Not reported	3,470	3,470
Hours Worked:		
Occurred before shift began	100	100
Less than 1 hour	2,340	2,340
1 - 2 hours	1,970	1,970
2 - 4 hours	5,050	5,050
4 - 6 hours	4,790	4,790
6 - 8 hours	2,900	2,900
8 - 10 hours	1,470	1,470
10 - 12 hours	540	540
12 - 16 hours	220	220
More than 16 hours	--	--
Not reported	6,680	6,680

¹ Days away from work include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁵ Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, June 05, 2009